Planning and Managing A Construction/Renovation Project

NAHC Annual Conference

Presented by:
Bill Henley, The Columbia Property Group
“This Old Co-op”
Planning a Rehab/Renovation Project

- All planning and projects start at the Committee and Board level
  - Board Structure: President
    Vice President
    Treasurer
    Secretary
    Director-at-Large
  - Board Members chair various sub committees
Select Sub Committees

- Finance - Treasurer
- Member Selection
- PPP Committee (People, Parking, Pets)
- Improvement Committee
  - Interior of units - carpeting, tile floors, electrical
  - Exterior - satellite dish, fence, landscaping, parking lots, tot lots
New Committee
PCI Planning-Capital & Improvement

Committee responsible for overall capital improvements to the property

- **Scope of Work**
  - Identify capital need with Property Manager
    » Roofs
    » Grounds (parking, landscaping)
    » Building exteriors
    » Windows, HVAC, insulation, electrical

- Identify/estimate cost of improvement

- Funding discussion with Treasurer and Property Manager
Scope of Work
Planning & Financing

Scope of Work
• If a significant capital improvement, an architect may be required
• general contractor, construction manager and landscape designer should be consulted

Planning
• Determine “wants” vs. “needs”
• Identify potential costs with property manager, construction manager, architect, and general contractor

Determine how to pay for capital improvements
Definitions

- **Architect** - Creates plans and specifications to be used in new buildings or renovation. Will review buildings for current codes, recommend material and specification (i.e. - windows, doors, electrical, etc.)

- **Construction Manager** - Construction managers plan and coordinate construction renovation projects. Construction managers oversee the project, plan and direct a whole project, and oversee workers. They coordinate design and construction process

- **General Contractor** - A person or firm that contracts to supply materials or labor for buildings. General Contractors can provide design build specifications, review current codes, alternative materials and cost proposals based on materials and labor
Definitions (cont.)

- **Landscape Architect** - Design and build the environment of neighborhoods. They manage the natural environment, improve quality of life for a project. They will evaluate walkway patterns, erosion control, recommend plantings, playground environments, screenings of parking lots, etc.

- **Maximum Fixed Price Contract** - This provides for a price that is not subject to any adjustment on the basis of the contractors cost experience. Places maximum risk upon the contractor for all costs and resulting profit or loss.
### Plan for Improvement
#### Identify Sources & Uses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reserves</td>
<td>Windows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Flow*(funds after expenses, debt service, reserves)*</td>
<td>Grounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refinance of Present Mortgage</td>
<td>Roofs, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

-OR-
Sources: First Source

Replacement Reserve
- Subject to HUD approval
- May not be sufficient for planned work

Cash Flow
- May not be sufficient for planned work
- May require an increase to monthly maintenance charges
Sources: Second Source

Refinance Mortgages/Loan

- Identify all mortgages/loans
  - First mortgage
  - Second mortgages
  - State and Local loans
  - HUD Flex Subsidy loans

*The Cooperative Board should work with the Property Manager to identify all outstanding loans.*
Refinancing Considerations

- Determine the cost of the capital improvement(s)
- Review budgets for income, expenses, replacement reserves, and debt service
- Review all outstanding debts: 1st Mortgage, Flex Subsidy Loans, Lines of Credit
- Increasing carrying charges to finance improvements
- Match appropriate loan structure with capital improvement project
- Discuss with NCB how they would finance a cooperative, call:
NCB

Toll Free at
(800) 955-9622

Larry Mathe or Karyn Mann
Cooperative Mortgage Considerations

- Current mortgage rate vs. today’s rate
- Number of years remaining until the loan matures
- Amount of capital improvements required and benefit of a low mortgage
- Accessing replacement reserves and general operating reserves
- Does the cooperative want to be free of HUD?
Evaluating your HUD 1st Mortgage

Original HUD Mortgage Terms:

- Originated: 1968-1975 +/-
- Type: 221(d)(3) Cooperative Housing Mortgage.
  - BMR: Co-op may be entitled to an interest subsidy. Note rate may be stated at 6.00% to 7.50%; Payment is based on a lower rate of 1.00% to 4.00%
- Interest Rate: 4.00%
- Original Loan: $5,000,000 (1969)
- Principal & Interest Monthly: $20,897
Evaluating your HUD 1st Mortgage (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years</th>
<th>Interest Paid</th>
<th>Principal Paid</th>
<th>Mortgage Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1969-1979</td>
<td>$ 1,884,726</td>
<td>$ 622,904</td>
<td>$ 4,377,095</td>
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<tr>
<td>1979-1989</td>
<td>$ 1,578,984</td>
<td>$ 928,646</td>
<td>$ 3,448,449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989-1999</td>
<td>$ 1,123,174</td>
<td>$ 1,384,456</td>
<td>$ 2,063,992</td>
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<tr>
<td>1999-2004</td>
<td>$ 324,506</td>
<td>$ 929,309</td>
<td>$ 1,134,683</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004-2009*</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$ 1,134,683</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Maturity
Mortgage Traps

- HUD Flex Subsidy notes

- HUD requirements > 1% interest rate which accrues annually, no payment until the first obligation is paid off

- If the cooperative has a flex subsidy loan, discuss this loan with your Financial Advisor and Property Manager
HUD Flex Subsidy Trap

- $500,000 Flex Subsidy note: 1% accrued interest due at maturity/pay off of 1st mortgage

- Assumes a 15 year term from inception

- The cooperative will owe more money than it had originally borrowed
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Principal Balance</th>
<th>1% Interest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$505,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$510,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$515,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$520,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$525,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$530,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$535,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$540,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>$545,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$550,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$555,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>$560,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>$565,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>$570,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Alternative Flex Subsidy Structure

- Amortizing the “Flex Sub”
  - $500,000 Flex Subsidy @ 1% due at maturity
  - or pay off
    - Assume 15 year term from inception
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Principal Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$468,948</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$437,584</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$405,905</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>$341,590</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>$308,947</td>
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<td>$275,976</td>
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<td>$242,673</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>$209,037</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$175,062</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$140,746</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>$106,085</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>$71,076</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>$35,715</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1% Interest Monthly Payment

$2,992 x 12 = $35,904
Today’s Goal

• To focus on the three major elements to planning and managing the renovation/construction of your new facility
Major Elements of Risk Management

- Budget
- Project Team Development
- Contract Negotiation
There are some underlying rules to managing construction/renovation:

1. Time is always a challenge
2. Someone has to be responsible
3. Construction/renovation is always unpredictable
Obstacles to Taking Action

- **Dissention**
  - Deny that a problem exists
  - difficult to build consensus
  - opposition in community
  - Afraid to take action

  **Solution:** Communication, Resolve and Determination

- **Uncertainty**
  - how to proceed ?
  - magnitude of the problem ?
  - how much it will cost ?
  - potential scope of the work ?
  - how long repairs will take ?
### Budget Projections

#### Pay Off:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HUD 1st Mortgage</td>
<td>1,134,683</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flex Subsidy Note</td>
<td>570,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Outstanding Debt:</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,704,683</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Soft Costs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appraisal, Environmental, PNA</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal (Borrower/Lender)</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title (Record/Survey)</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Soft Costs</strong></td>
<td><strong>69,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Construction Costs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows, Siding, Electrical, HVAC,</td>
<td>2,226,317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscaping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Hard Costs</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,226,317</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL BUDGET (Estimated):** 4,000,000
Project Team

- Coop’s Primary Contact Person
- Project Manager
- Architect
- General Contractor
- Attorney
Contracts

- Parties to the contract - General Contractor and Coop
- Scope of work - (new roof, windows, HVAC etc)
- Roles and responsibilities
- Scheduled payments/compensation
- Start and completion dates
- Dispute resolution/termination clause
- Allowances
- Retainage - 10%
  - Guaranteed Maximum Price
Managing Cost Overruns

- Change Orders
  - Time
  - Materials
  - Labor
- Scheduling
- City Inspectors
- Environmental
- Acceptance vs. Approval
  - Contingency -10%/15% - 20%
Management of Risks During Construction

Construction Finance is the management of the construction loan’s disbursement process

- Tracking Budget
- Pre - Construction Meeting
- Lien Waivers
  A legal document signed by subcontractors stating that they have been paid for work completed on a construction project and cannot make a claim for lack of payment.

- AIA documents
- Title Updates
- Invoices
- Construction Reports
“Projects fail not because of their complex nature or unusual situations, but more often because of ordinary routine chores that are not properly executed.”

Seen on the wall of the General Contractor’s trailer at a construction site
The Sequence of Events

- Constructing a Business Plan
- Assessing your facility needs
- Selecting a professional: Architect, Engineer, Banker, etc.
- Managing construction & renovation
- Securing financing
- Time line
NCB

Larry Mathe - Sr. Vice President
Karyn Mann - Vice President

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“This New Co-op”

Before

After
Construction Challenge

Question:
What position creates plans and specification to be used for the building renovation?

Answer:
Architect
General Contractor: Design Build
Question:
The planning, capital and improvement committee responsibilities include?

Answer:
Identify capital needs
Identify cost estimates
Identify sources of funds
Question:
Name two sources of capital for capital improvement projects.

Answer:
Reserves
Cash Flow
Loan
Construction Challenge

Question:
What are two major elements to planning and managing the renovation/construction project?

Answer:
Budget
Project Team
Contract Negotiation
Question:
What is a lien waiver?

Answer:
A legal document signed by subcontractors stating that they have been paid for work completed on a construction project and cannot make a claim for lack of payment.
Construction Challenge

Question:
Name 3 people who should be on the project team.

Answer:
- Project Manager
- Attorney
- Cooperative Primary contact
- Architect
- General Contractor
Question:
What are three things that should be in your contract?

Answer:
Scope of Work
Roles and Responsibilities
Scheduled payment
Start and completion dates
Retainage
Question:
What are two obstacles to the construction project?

Answer:
Unit owner dissention
Cost of project
How long will the repairs take?
Board indecision- not wanting to make a hard decision
Questions?